What Makes Up the Universe

Chapter 9 Lesson 3
Part 2

ByDesign Science, Level 4
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- A galaxy is a huge system containing hundreds of billions of stars held together by gravity.
- The <u>Milky Way</u> is the galaxy that our Solar System is part of.
- It contains over 100 billion stars

- Its diameter is about 100,000 ly across.
- The parts of the Milky Way we can see from Earth look like a bright band of light stretching across the night sky.





 Our Sun and its family are found in one of the spiral arms.

It is about two-thirds of the way from the center of

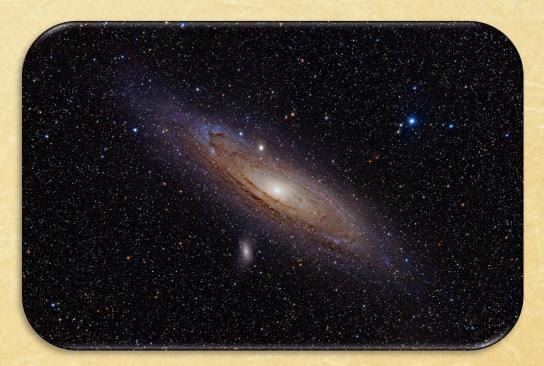
ou are here!

the Milky Way.

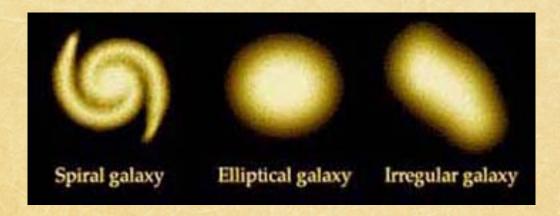
 We cannot see the center because it is hidden by dust and gas.

 The entire Milky Way rotates in space.

- Our closest neighboring galaxy is the Andromeda galaxy.
- It lies about 2.3 million ly from the Sun.



- Astronomers classify galaxies by shape.
- The three main galaxy shapes are spiral, elliptical, and irregular.



Galaxies Spiral Galaxy

- Pinwheel shape
- Center bulge with long spiral arms
- Milky Way is example



Galaxies Elliptical Galaxy

Oval in shape

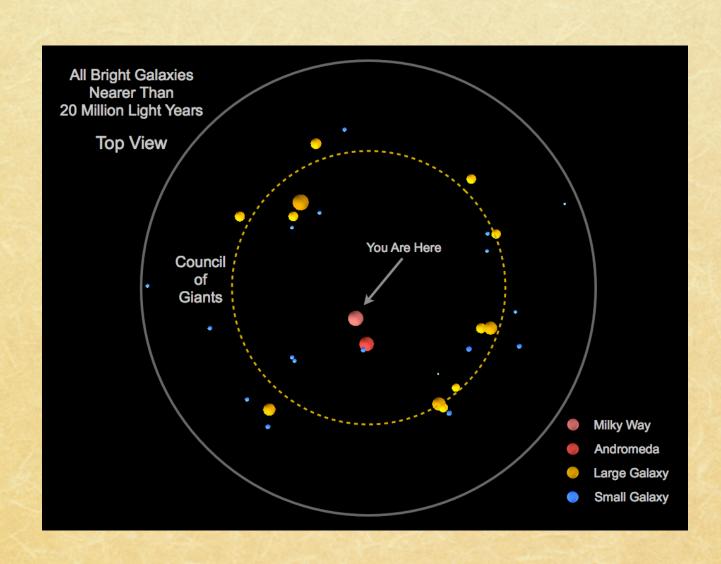


Galaxies Irregular Galaxy

Odd shape or no regular shape



- Galaxies often move together in groups called clusters.
- The Milky Way is part of a cluster called the Local Group.
- It is made up of about 30 to 40 other galaxies, including Andromeda.
- The Local Group is part of a larger group called the Virgo supercluster, which may have up to 2,000 galaxies.



- As large as the Milky Was seems to us, it is small in comparison with space.
- Hundreds of billions of galaxies make up the known Universe.
- Almost all these galaxies are clumped together in clusters or superclusters.
- Most galaxies appear to be moving away from us.
- The gather away from us the galaxy is, the faster it appears to move.



- Some
 astronomers
 believe the
 Universe began
 in an explosion
 called the Big
 Bang.
- According to this idea, all the matter and energy that makes up stars, planets, and galaxies grew from a point smaller than an atom to the size of a galaxy in a fraction of a second.

- The Bible teaches that God created everything in the Universe out of nothing.
- The Bible says that God spoke to create the wonderful things in our world.



- He created the Universe for Himself and for us.
- If there is life anywhere else in the Universe, God loves and cares for it just as He loves us.

- The vastness of God's Creation is sometimes difficult for us to comprehend.
- As more powerful telescopes are developed, we are discovering new frontiers in space.
- The more we learn, the more we realize how amazing God's Creation is.



 God said of Himself in Isaiah 46:9, "I am God, and there is none like me."

 The more we study space and understand its amazing design, the more we can appreciate that there is no one like God.

- 1. What is **space**?
 - o area beyond Earth's atmosphere
- 2. What are stars?
 - huge glowing balls of gas
- 3. What is an example of a star?
 - o Sun
- 4. What is a telescope?
 - o a long tube with a lens at each end to collect light
- 5. Who was the first person to use the telescope to look at the sky?
 - o Galileo

- 6. What is a satellite?
 - object that orbits another object in space
- 7. Are satellites natural or man-made?
 - o Both
- 8. What was the first space craft launched in space? Who launched it?
 - Sputnik 1, the Soviet Union
- 9. Who were among the first space travelers?
 - Yuri Gagarin and John Glenn

- 10. Who was the first person on the moon?
 - Neil Armstrong
- 11. What are space probes?
 - uncrewed vehicles that are used to collect information to send back to Earth
- 12. Who is included in a solar system family?
 - o planets and their moons, the dwarf planets and their moons, asteroids, meteoroids, and occasional comets

- 13. What is an astronomical unit?
 - o is the average distance from the Sun to Earth
- 14. How long is one AU?
 - o ~93 million miles
- 15. What are the planets in our solar system?
 - Mercury, Venus, Earth, Mars, Jupiter, Saturn, Uranus, and Neptune
- 16. What are the inner planets?
 - first four planets are closest to the Sun: Mercury,
 Venus, Earth, and Mars

17. What are the outer planets?

Last four planets are huge and made mostly of gases:
 Jupiter, Saturn, Uranus, and Neptune

18. What is the asteroid belt?

 a band of asteroids that orbit together between Mars and Jupiter

19. What are asteroids?

 chunks of irregularly shaped rock that orbit the Sun between the inner and outer planets.

20. What are dwarf planets?

- round bodies that orbit the Sun, they share their orbits with other space objects
- o Ceres, Pluto, Eris

21. What are comets?

 small bodies made of lumps of rock, metal, and dust covered with ice

22. What is a galaxy?

 a huge system containing hundreds of billions of stars held together by gravity

- 23. What galaxy is our solar system in?
 - Milky Way
- 24. What are the three main types of galaxies?
 - Spiral galaxies, elliptical galaxies, irregular galaxies
- 25. What are clusters?
 - Galaxies that move together in a group