

What is the Nervous System?

Name: _____

Date: _____

Thinking

- Every day, your brain handles thousands of ideas and bits of information.
- Thinking falls into many categories, including:
 - _____
 - Memory
 - _____
 - _____ Thinking
 - _____ Thinking
- You cannot use one type of thinking without _____ on another.
- For example:
 - It is difficult to solve a problem (_____) without remembering (_____) what you have learned in the past.

Thinking: Perception

- You use your five senses to perceive your _____.
- _____ the information from your senses is a type of thinking called perception.
- _____ is the process of gathering information through our senses.

Thinking: Memory

- _____ is the ability to store learned information that you can retrieve for future use.
- You hold an _____ in your mind while you develop it, elaborate it, clarify it, and use it.
- For example, while performing a multistep math problem, you _____ math procedures and specific facts to help you solve the problem.

Thinking: Imagination

- Your imagination allows you to form images of things that are not _____.
- This means you are able to think about things in ways that are _____ from the way they are.
- Imagination involves _____ thinking.

- People use imagination in almost _____ aspect of life.

Thinking: Logical Thinking

- You use _____ thinking each time you solve a math problem, do a science experiment, or play a game that involves strategy.
- _____ **thinking** is the process in which you use reasoning to reach a conclusion.
- Logical thinking may involve...
 - _____ Reasoning
 - _____ Reasoning
- _____ **reasoning** is reasoning from a specific case or cases to make a general rule.
- _____ **reasoning** is the process that begins with general statements to develop a specific conclusion.

Thinking: Spiritual Thinking

- You have already learned about the nervous system and about several aspects of _____.
- God created us in His image to be in a _____ with Him.
- He gave us the ability to think in another way – _____.
- Have you ever done something you knew was wrong, but you did it anyway?
- Perhaps your _____ bothered you afterward.
- The Holy Spirit speaking through your conscience can help you know _____ from wrong.
- _____ and responding to your conscience is part of spiritual thinking.
- Another part of spiritual thinking is spending time in _____ with God.
- In prayer you can ...
 - invite God to examine your _____ (Psalms 26:2)
 - to _____ it to be Him (Romans 12:2)
- The Bible explains that things of God have to be understood _____ instead of from a merely human perspective (1 Corinthians 2:14-16).
- Wanting to know and obey God will help you understand spiritual things _____ than any other kind of thinking or reasoning.